

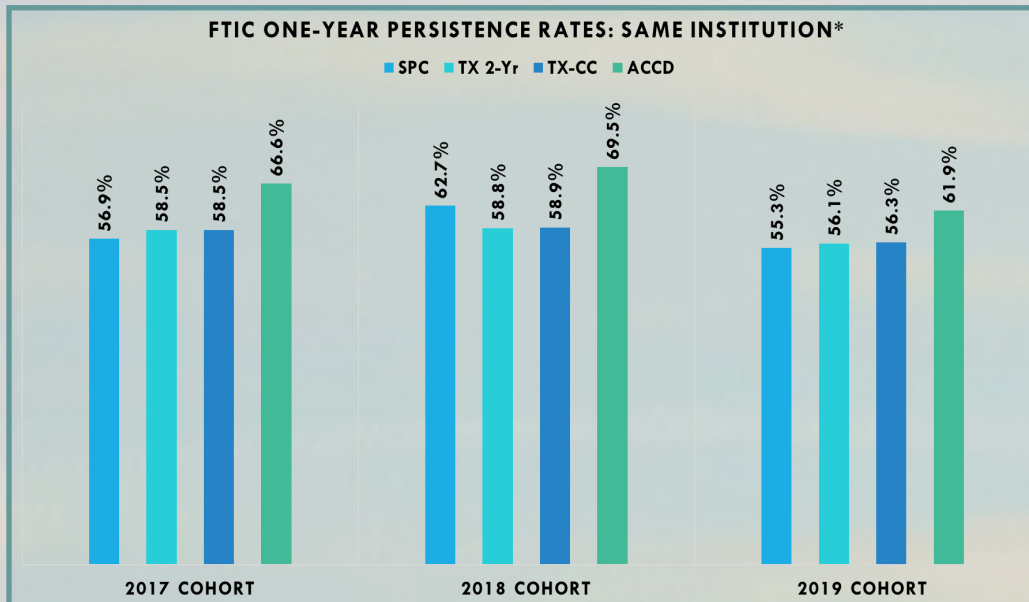
# Data Point

St. Philip's College

January 2022

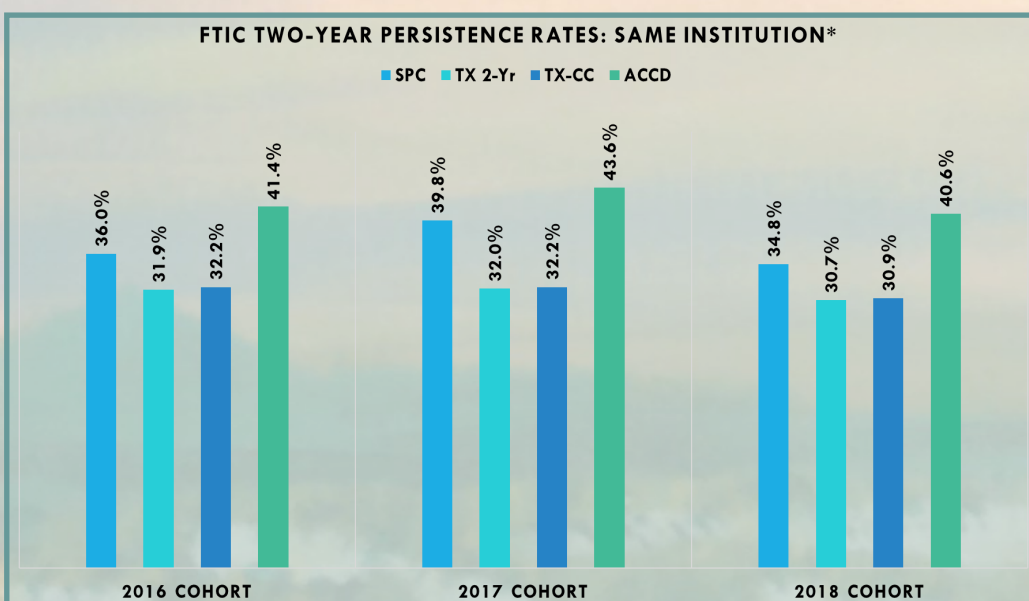
An item of factual information derived from measurement or research

## Persistence Comparisons: 1 and 2-year FTIC Cohort Persistence



As displayed in *Figure 61-1* (left), FTIC one-year persistence improved between 2018 and 2019 (2017 and 2018 cohorts, respectively) across SPC, Texas public 2-year institutions (TX 2-Yr) and community colleges (TX-CC), and ACCD, but persistence declined for all comparison groups in 2020 (2019 cohort).

Figure 61-1: 1-year persistence rate at same institution by FTIC Cohorts 2017-2019  
Data Source: Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB); certified data



*Figure 61-2* (left) reveals a similar trend in FTIC two-year persistence rates, as the 2019 rates (2017 cohort) show improvement or stability compared to 2018 (2016 cohort) for all comparison groups before declining in 2020 (2018 cohort).

Figure 61-2: 2-year persistence rate at same institution by FTIC Cohorts 2016-2018  
Data Source: THECB; certified data

## Persistence by Division for All SPC Students

Persistence rates for all SPC students by division are featured in *Figure 61-3* (below). Fall to spring persistence improved by >4% in AST-SWC and Health Sciences divisions from fall 2020 to spring 2021, while declining <4% in AST-MLK and Arts & Sciences divisions for the same period. All divisions saw greater fall-to-fall persistence from fall 2020 to fall 2021 compared to fall 2019 to fall 2020.

\*Division determined by student self-declared major; unduplicated results

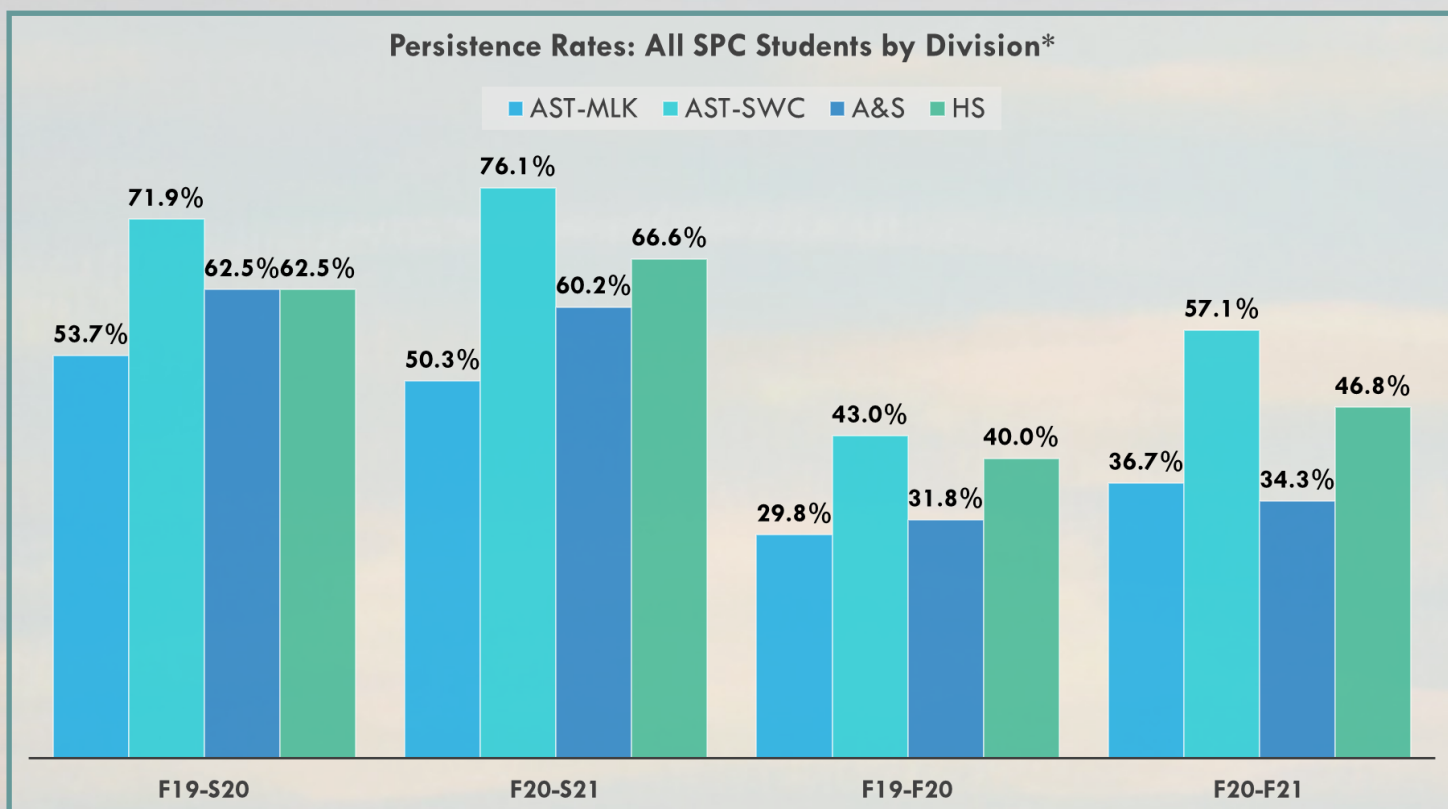


Figure 61-3: Persistence by division fall to spring and fall to fall  
Data Source: IPRE; uncertified data

### Institutional Planning, Research & Effectiveness

Dr. Diane Gavin, Interim Director

Shanna Bradford, Coordinator of Measurement  
& Evaluation

Hayley Aniol, IT Data Analyst